UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS		
OPENMIND SOLUTIONS, INC. v.	) Plaintiff, ) )	Civil Action No. (or Docket No.)  3:11-cv-00092 - Co PM/SC W
Potential John Doe and multiple John Does	,pro se ) )	
De	fendants, )	

## MOTION TO QUASH AND/OR VACATE SUBPOENA AND INCORPORATED MEMORANDUM OF LAW

THE UNDERSIGNED, pro se, moves the court, pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(c)(3), and limits his appearance for the purposes of contesting jurisdiction, for an order quashing the subpoena served on Bright House Networks , the internet service provider (ISP) of the undersigned, seeking information relating to subscriber information of a certain IP address, and states that:

 The undersigned was not the direct recipient of the subpoena at issue in this case, but is instead an end user of the above named Internet Service Provider (ISP), but has standing to file this motion to quash pursuant to the personal right and privilege of protection of information, identity, rights of jurisdiction, and undue burden of travel. See Smith v. Midland Brake, Inc., 162 F.R.D. 683, 685 (D. Kan. 1995).

- The purpose of the subpoena issued to the undersigned is to disclose my identity
  as a listed "Doe" in the above styled case, a placeholder name used when a
  defendant's true identity is unknown. See generally, Plant v. Does, 19 F. Supp.
  2d 1316, 1320 (S.D. Fla. 1998).
- 3. Once the Plaintiff has ascertained the name of the Defendant through the proces of discovery, or in the instant case, through their subpoena, the plaintiff must amend the complaint to name the defendant and effect service of process.
  Slaughter v. City of Unadilla, 2008 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 8350 (M.D. Ga. 2008).
- 4. After amending the Plaintiff's complaint to reflect the disclosed identity, the undersigned would be subjected to the personal jurisdiction of a lawsuit filed in the Southern District Court for the state of Illinois, without transacting any business in the state of Illinois, and without any other sufficient minimum contacts. See GTE New Media Servs. v. BellSouth Corp., 199 F.3d 1343, 1347 (D.C. Cir. 2000). See also International Shoe Co. v. Washington, 326 U.S. 310, 316 (1945).
- 5. Federal cases with personal jurisdiction analysis under internet activity have repeatedly dismissed complaints for want of personal jurisdiction unless a contractual relationship exists with a party located within the state to establish sufficient minimum contacts, and no such relationship has been plead by the Plaintiff. See GTE New Media Servs. v. BellSouth Corp., 199 F.3d 1343, 1348-49 (D.C. Cir. 2000) (citing Bensusan Restaurant Corp v. King, 126 F. 3d 25, 29 (2d Cir. 1997); Mink v. AAAA Development, LLC, 190 F.3d 333, 336-37 (5<sup>th</sup>)

- Cir. 1999); <u>Cybersell, Inc. v. Cybersell, Inc.</u>, 130 F.3d 414, 419-420 (9<sup>th</sup> Cir. 1997).
- 6. Plaintiff is fully aware of this court's lack of personal jurisdiction of the undersigned, and is simply using this court to obtain information to subject the undersigned to this jurisdiction, as the Plaintiff is aware that IP addresses may be located geographically to determine the proper jurisdiction without such John Doe discovery. See e.g., 16 Alb. L.J. Sci. & Tech. 343, 356 (discussing IP geolocation technologies). See also Universal City Studios Productions LLLP v. Franklin, 2006 U.S. Dist. Ct. Motions 748729, 9, n4 (N.D. Ind. Sept. 26, 2006) (plaintiff's memorandum of law seeking default judgment for copyright infringement over the internet, discussing geolocation of an ISP and claiming that statutory damages were reasonably related to the hiring of MediaSentry, whereupon investigation of the location of the ISP, they would file a John Doe suit in the jurisdiction where the ISP is located in order to serve discovery).
- 7. Further, the undersigned contests the personal jurisdiction of this court over the ISP on which the subpoena was served and demands strict proof thereof.
- 8. Upon compliance from the ISP with the information requested, the John Doe identity will be established and the case will immediately be amended, and the undersigned will be added as a party to the case, causing an undue burden sufficient enough for this court to quash the subpoena at issue in this motion.
  Requiring individuals from across the country to litigate in this district creates exactly the sort of hardship and unfairness that the personal jurisdiction requirements exist to prevent.

9. Allowing Plaintiff to proceed without quashing this subpoena would allow general jurisdiction in any federal court against any person across the country, or the world, so long as the claim involved a John Doe defendant and internet use, and such precedent violates due process as it offends "traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice" as guaranteed by the U.S. Constitution. See
International Shoe Co. v. Washington, 326 U.S. 310, 316 (1945).

WHEREFORE the undersigned Defendant prays this honorable court quash the subpoena requesting subscriber information relating to my IP address issued against the Internet Service Provider in the instant case, and suspend discovery pursuant to the local rules.

The undersigned would respectfully request an order protecting his identity, ubstantially in the form of "The dubpoena seeking information from regarding John Doe #XXXX (identity protected), is hereby quashed."

Dated this 23 day of March

, 20 11

Respectfully submitted,

, pro se

Name:

Potential John Doe

Address Ln1:

Address Withheld

Address Ln2:

City, State, Zip:

Orlando

FL

Phone Number: